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The catalog card, designed originally for books, has been forced to accommodate many other library materials into its format. The compromises necessary to absorb phonorecords work reasonably well where one or two selections make up the entire content. Anthologies, however, do not fit comfortably into this mold, and the more mixed a record the less effective the book card format proves.

Records are notoriously difficult to catalog, and none are more so than those listing many selections. Processing requires specialized knowledge, proper research materials and considerable time. The need for record analytics to insure complete access to a record's content has often been expressed by many professionals in private conversation, in the journals, and at Music Library Association meetings, a need now intensified by the recent flood of "introductions to", "greatest hits", "guides to", "complete works of", etc.

Record catalogs should always furnish positive identification for each selection--composer, content, performer, and the information necessary to locate selections on the record, supplying that data which leads the record user to his material.

Often the same musical titles appear in a variety of languages, names, word-orders and popular appellations. Library treatment of all musical materials must therefore pass through a particularly detailed cataloging process so that the user is supplied with a finding tool which draws together all the printed music of a given work and all recordings of it, as well as all selections from it, however they may be listed on the title page, record label or record jacket.

The Anglo-American Cataloging Rules are generally followed by libraries in the handling of records, and are used, with minor departures, by the Library of Congress Card Division. IC's practice is widely followed in many libraries and its Card Division continues to furnish libraries with record cataloging and a periodic compilation thereof.

^{*}From paper read at Fourth Annual Meeting of the Association for Recorded Sound Collections, Vanderbilt University, October 8-10, 1970.

Library of Congress cards have long been a mainstay of the music library but they do primarily reflect the needs and overall approach of LC itself: no analytics for anthologies nor, beyond establishing composer and title (and not always this with collections), any effort to make what is ambiguous on the record less so on the card. The finished product leaves many questions to be further researched, with commensurate expenditure of time and money.

A system of analytics based on the unit card system has evolved whereby those IC main entry cards which cover anthologies and list the record's contents in note form are duplicated as often as necessary. This results in a card for each selection listed in the contents note, to which in turn proper headings must be added. For a collection, a set of unit cards is far more helpful than a single card, but still lacks important details which apply to separate selections. Its format is necessarily crowded and is often confusing to the patron.

The unit card, and the analytics derived from it, have proven to be a phase in the evolution of record cataloging. The next logical step, generated by the needs of an increasingly record-oriented and record-wise public, is the use of separate analytics.

Our cards will result in maximum access to the sound collection through the card file while not demanding great musical sophistication on the catalogers' part. Though strictly following LC practice through the filing elements, the resulting card is clearer to the patron. Information and each analytic is limited to what concerns the one selection it covers and a reference to the main entry card.

Here is the proposed format and content for separate analytics, item by item. First, the composer's name, or other main entry, as established by LC.

Grieg, Edvard Hagerup, 1843-1907
Then the uniform title, derived by the Anglo-American Cataloging rules and checked in the Library of Congress Music and Phonorecords Catalog for uniformity:

(Lyrische stucke, piano, op. 54. March of the Dwarfs; arr.)
Phonodisc.

Since the printed music is given the identical uniform title with the recording, "Phonodisc" is used to differentiate between them in the file, as in the Anglo-American Rules.

The last entry in this section is the title transcription, the identification as supplied by the manufacturer:

March of the Dwarfs (from "Lyric Suite," op. 54) (Arr. Arthur Harris).

A line is skipped, after which the record collation begins: Columbia MS 7505 (1969) 12 in. 33 1/3 rpm and, at the beginning of the next line:

Side 2 band 5 (Time 3:22) microgroove stereo.

followed on the next line by the performer listing:
Luigi Bernardi, mandolin; Angelicum
Orchestra, Milan: Bruno Martinotti,
conductor.

and, ofr organists:

Marie-Claire Alain, organ; Marcussen Organ, St. Jacobi Kirke, Varde, Denmark.

The next line contains the reference to the main entry card:

(In: Grieg, Edvard. (Works, Selections,
arr.) Phonodisc. Grieg's Greatest Hits)

(<u>In</u>: Recordings for the enjoyment of Music and the Norton Scores. Phonodisc.)

(In: Bach, Johann S. (Works, organ. Selections) Phonodisc. Organ Works-Vol. XV. Three Chorale Preludes.

Another line is skipped, and then the notes are entered:

 Details concerning the musical performance Without the recitatives.

This recording uses one instrument for each part.

Arranged by Thomas Frost.

Arranger not identified.

Program notes and libretto
 Program notes by Leslie Gerber on slipcase.

Program notes translated from the French of Harry Halbreich by Ellen Lebow on slipcase; English translations of the texts by Henry F. Drinker (/2/p.) inserted.

3. Other editions of the same performance Performance also issued in mono as Columbia ML 5617, in stereo as MS 6217, and in set D3S 789.

Complete performance issued as Columbia MS 6109.

Recorded by Erato. Also issued in U. S. in mono as MHS 843, Epic LC 3542, in stereo as Epic BC 141.

Recorded in England Oct. 21-22, 1937. Copy of a 78 rpm album issued in U. S. as Victor M-417. Also copied on 33 1/3 rpm as RCA Victor LCT 1042.

Drawn together, the complete card appears as on card sample page. In addition to the analytic, a main entry card must be made up, of which an example is also included on the sample page.

Contents are listed in the "Includes" note, with those performers not common to all selections on the record listed in parentheses after those in which they do appear. To save space, these can be grouped by performer where necessary. The form of the composer's name and that of the title are the same as that heading the analytics. Therefore the "Includes" note can be used to find the other cards relating to this master, eliminating the need of additional tracings for this purpose, making a clearer card.

In the matter of subject headings, performer and other added entries, these can be listed on a separate card, which lists those suggested by the Library of Congress Music and Phonorecords Subject Index. The library can duplicate whatever cards are necessary to make the required added entries.

SAMPLE CARDS

Bach, Johann Sebastian, 1685-1750. (suites, orchestra, S. 1068, D major. Air.) Phonodisc. Air on the G String.

Columbia MS 7501 (1969) 12 in. 33 1/3 rpm Side 1 band 2 (Time 4:51) microgroove stereo Marlboro Festival Orchestra: Pablo Cassals, conductor.

(<u>In</u>: Bach, Johann S. (Works, Selections; arr.) Phonodisc. Bach's Greatest Hits, Vol. 1.)

Program notes on slipcase.

Complete performance issued in mono in Columbia set M2L 355, in stereo in sets M2S 755, D3S 816.

Ormandy/Philadelphia Orchestra/Greatest Hits, Vol. 4 (Phonodisc) (Card 1 of 2)

Columbia MS 7267 (1969) 12 in. 33 1/3 rpm 2s. microgroove stereo.

Philadelphia Orchestra: Eugene Ormandy, conductor.

(Includes: Clarke, Jeremiah, Trumpet Voluntary; arr. (Gilbert Johnson, trumpet)-Chopin, Fryderyk Franciszek, Waltz, piano, op. 18, E major; arr.-Schumann, Robert Alexander. Kinderszenen. Traumerei; arr.-Halvorsen, Johan. March of the Boyars-Saint-Saens, Camille. Samson et Dalila. Bacchanale-Elgar, Sir Edward William. Pomp and Circumstance, No. 1.

Ormandy/Philadelphia Orchestfa/Greatest Hits, Vol. 4 (Phonodisc) (Card 2 of 2) Columbia MS 7267 (1969) 12 in. 33 1/3 rpm

D major - Humperdinck, Engelbert. Hansel und Gretel. Abendsegen; arr.-When Johhny Comes Marching Home (Traditional); arr.-Bizet, Georges. Carmen. L'amour est un oiseau rebelle; arr.-Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Felix. Ein Sommernachtstraum. Hochzeitsmarsch.)

Program notes on slipcase.